

## Grammar 1: The forms of “have got”

### a) I have got...

<p>I <b>have got</b> a book. You <b>have got</b> a pen.</p> <p>Julian <b>has got</b> a sister. Marlene <b>has got</b> a brother. The car <b>has got</b> a garage.</p> <p>We <b>have got</b> a nice school. You <b>have got</b> English books. The Millers <b>have got</b> nice kids.</p>	<p>I've <b>got</b> a book.                    ich You've <b>got</b> a pen.                    du</p> <p>He's <b>got</b> a sister.                    er She's <b>got</b> a brother.                sie It's <b>got</b> a garage.                    es</p> <p>We've <b>got</b> a nice school.            wir You've <b>got</b> English books.        ihr/Sie They've <b>got</b> nice kids.                sie</p>
<h3>b) I have not got...</h3>	
<p>I <b>have not got</b> a brother. You <b>have not got</b> a pen.</p> <p>Nick <b>has not got</b> a sister. Debbie <b>has not got</b> a brother. The car <b>has not got</b> a garage.</p> <p>We <b>have not got</b> a nice school. You <b>have not got</b> Spanish books. The Millers <b>have not got</b> a car.</p>	<p>I <b>haven't</b> got a sister. You <b>haven't</b> got a pen.</p> <p>He <b>hasn't</b> got a sister. She <b>hasn't</b> got a brother. It <b>hasn't</b> got a garage.</p> <p>We <b>haven't got</b> a nice school. You <b>haven't got</b> Spanish books. They <b>haven't got</b> a car.</p>